Investigating barriers to surgical careers and addressing the growing need for diverse role models in surgery through a mentoring event



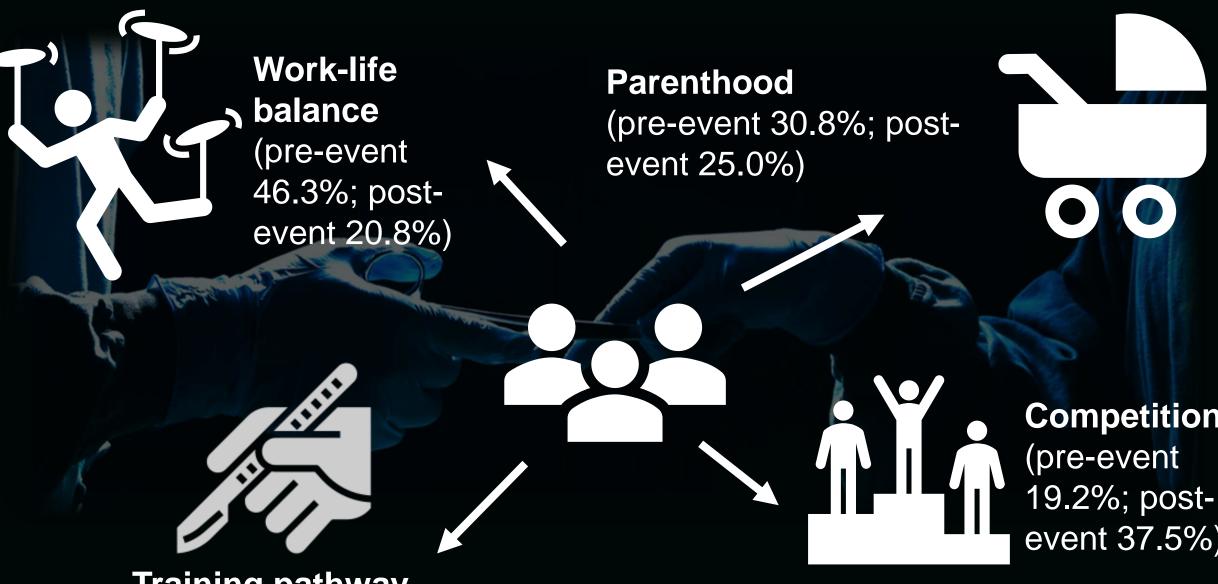
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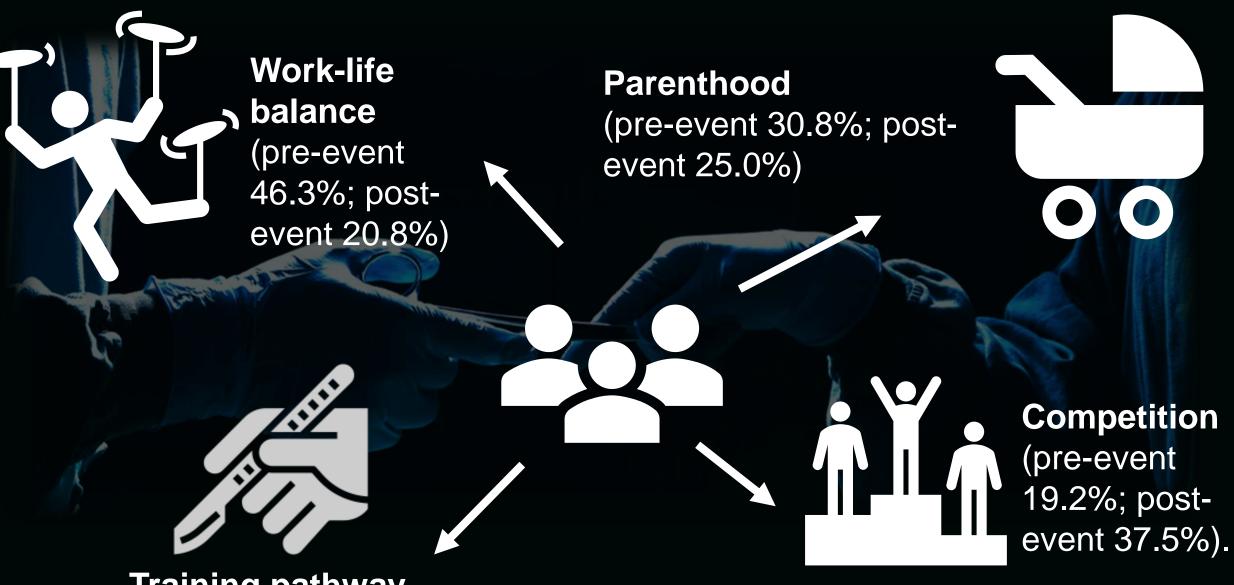
INTRODUCTION

- Attrition of females across all stages of surgical training remains a significant problem¹
- consultant Only 14.7% become surgeons²
- Literature strongly support Of utility mentorship^{3 4}.
- The **aim** of this project was to **assess** local barriers to surgical careers and provide diverse role models to support and encourage uptake.

METHODS

- The project was **prospectively** registered (AUDI003483). •
 - A mentoring event was held, the first of its kind locally, composed of consultant and trainee surgeons from diverse backgrounds.
- Following topics were discussed: career journeys, work-life balance, parenthood and less-than-full-time training.
- **Surveys** to medical students were disseminated prospectively 1 month before and immediately after the event to assess efficacy.
- Surveys involved open-ended and Likert-scale questions • ('10=very-much'; '0=not at all') across a series of statements assessing opinion and openness to surgical careers.
- Thematic qualitative analysis was undertaken.







- Students identifying as **female** across all year-groups from London and Surrey completed preevent (n=26) and post-event surveys (n=24).
- 69.2% scored ≥7/10 reporting they were considering a surgical career pre-event, and **91.7% post-event**.
- The **most common** uncertainties and reservations were found to reduce following the event: **work-life** balance (pre-event 46.3%; postevent 20.8%); and parenthood (30.8%; 25.0%).
- Remaining concerns included the training pathway (30.8%; 33.3%) and competitiveness (19.2%; 37.5%).
- 83.3% scored ≥8/10 stating the event strengthened their decision to become a surgeon.
- The event met all student

Training pathway (pre-event 30.8%; postevent 33.3%)



expectations, exceeding in 25%.

The format was well received (58.3% scoring 10/10), and **66.7%** signed for additional mentoring to support career progression.

CONCLUSIONS

The value of mentoring and early support in decision making is vital and beneficial to the career progression of future aspiring surgeons. Future support is required in the form of long-term mentoring.

References: (1.)Hampton T, Greenhalgh R, Ryan D, et al. Female surgical trainee attrition. The Bulletin of the Royal College of Surgeons of England 2016;98(3):134-37. doi: 10.1308/rcsbull.2016.134 (2) RCS. Statistics - Women in Surgery Royal College of Surgeons (England)2023 [Available from: https://www.rcseng.ac.uk/careers-in-surgery/women-in-surgery/statistics/ accessed 27 May 2023. (3) Winfrey SR, Parameswaran P, Gerull KM, et al. Effective Mentorship of Women and Underrepresented Minorities in Orthopaedic Surgery: A Mixed-Methods Investigation. JB JS Open Access 2022;7(4) doi: 10.2106/JBJS.OA.22.00053 [published Online First: 20221123] (4) Stephens EH, Heisler CA, Temkin SM, et al. The Current Status of Women in Surgery: How to Affect the Future. JAMA Surg 2020;155(9):876-85. doi: 10.1001/jamasurg.2020.0312