



INDUCTION FIRE SAFETY TRAINING

by the Trust Fire Safety Department







AIMS:

 To help with understanding of fires in a hospital setting and how to prevent their outbreak

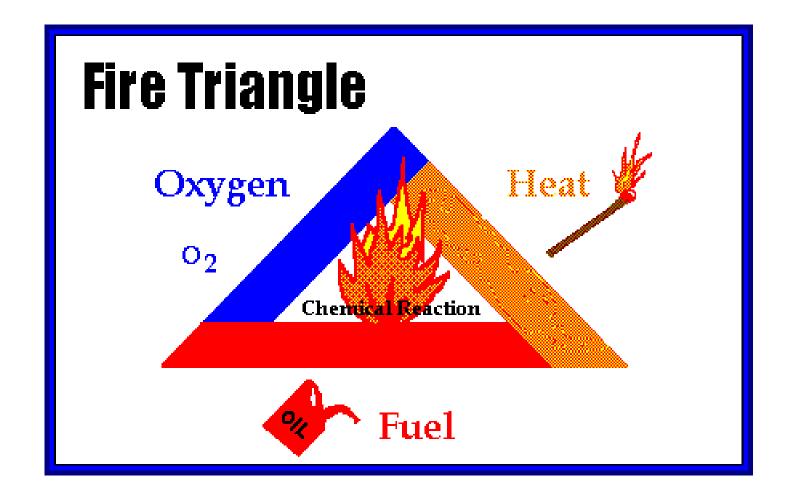
 For Staff to be able to minimise injuries to patients & themselves

 To help the Trust with complying with Fire Safety Legislation









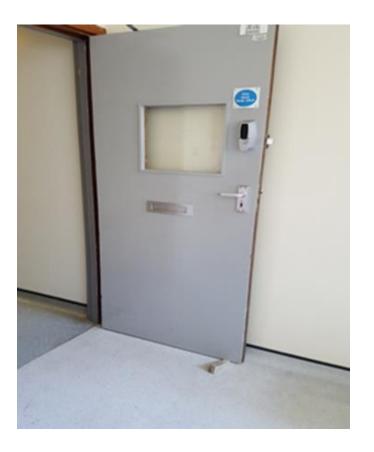






POOR HOUSE-KEEPING











POOR HOUSE-KEEPING











Fire Safety measures in a Ward

Automatic fire alarm



Manual call points



• Emergency door releas



- Fire doors
- Fire compartment walls
- Fire-fighting equipment [7]



Medical gas shut-off valves







Medical gas shut-off valve









Cylinder fire incident

Royal United Hospital – ITU Nov 2011







Bath ITU O₂ cylinder fire











Ignition stages of Cylinders

Investigations revealed a common trend for most cylinder fires: Ignition occurs

when the valve is initially turned on

when a flow-rate is selected







SAFE USE OF O₂ CYLINDERS

- Set-up the cylinder for patient use before placing it close to the patient
- a connect the tubing and oxygen delivery device to the cylinder
- slowly open the cylinder valve
- select the prescribed flow rate
- fit the oxygen delivery device to the patient







Methods of raising fire alarm

Automatic Fire Detector



'Shout' FIRE!!! FIRE!!!

<u>Dial</u> 6666

Manual call Point









Fire Alarms

- Intermittent sound
- a warning of an outbreak of fire in the adjacent fire compartment. (close fire doors but do not lock them)
- Continuous sound
- a warning of an outbreak of fire within that particular fire compartment. (initiate evacuation procedures)







Evacuation

NEVER USE A LIFT DURING FIRE EVACUATION

- Horizontal evacuation
- Involves movement of patients from one compartment that is affected by fire, to the next, through a <u>fire barrier</u> on the same floor.
- Vertical evacuation
- Involves movement of patients from one compartment floor to the next via stairs (using ski-sheets)
- Simultaneous evacuation
- Involves a total evacuation of the building to marked <u>fire assembly point</u> outside the building.







FIRE SAFETY SIGNS



Prohibition signs

These signs prohibit actions detrimental to safety



FIRE EXIT SIGN





Warning signs

These signs give warning of potential risks







Action when you discover a fire

Raise the alarm

Assist patients/those who might need help to evacuate

Evacuate

 Do not return to the building until instructed so by either Fire Warden, Manager or LFB





THE END



