

Menopause evening at 10 Harley Street 12th March 2019

Menopause, HRT and long-term health

- is there a conspiracy!?? -

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Win a PRIZE! - Quiz

- 1. What is the commonest killer of women in England today? £5.00
- 2. What most commonly puts women and their physicians off HRT? £2.50
- 3. What could most effectively improve a 52 year old woman's energy levels, her sense of well being and rekindle her interest in her partner? £1.00



Win a PRIZE! - Answers

- 1. What is the commonest killer of women in England today? DEMENTIA
- 2. What most commonly puts women and their physicians off HRT? BREAST CANCER
- 3. What could most effectively improve a 52 year old woman's energy levels, her sense of well being and rekindle her interest in her husband? TESTOSTERONE



A conspiracy theorist I am not, but....

- The scare-mongering of 2002-2003!
- It took NICE 12 years to recommend that GPs should offer HRT to more women
- No day goes by without a negative story about HRT
 - increased risk of clots
 - increased risk of Alzheimer's disease



HRT and breast cancer

- the risks in perspective -





Estrogen-only therapy does NOT increase the risk of breast cancer



If anything, Estrogen-only therapy is associated with a reduced risk

WHI & other studies /reports -



The Bogeyman of HRT - Progesterone -

- Unopposed Estrogen poses a risk of ENDOMETRIAL cancer
- Progestogens are given to minimize this risk



??Circumventing the breast cancer risk of Progesterone:

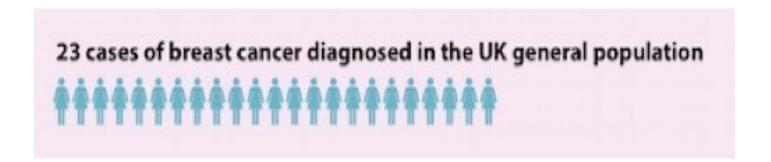
- -The Mirena IUS local rather than systemic progesterone
- Progestogens given every 3-4 months to induce endometrial shedding



HRT breast cancer risks in perspective



A comparison of lifestyle risk factors versus HRT treatment. Difference in breast cancer incidence per 1,000 women aged 50-59. Approx no. of women developing Ca breast over the next 5 years.

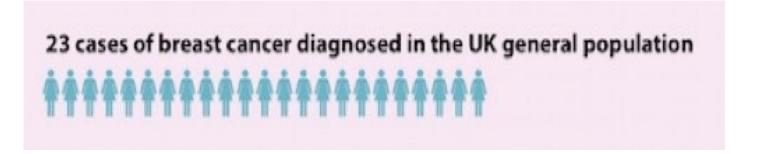


Impact of various lifestyles / interventions

- Combined HRT
- -Estrogen only hormone therapy
- -Alcohol
- Smoking
- Obesity



Impact of combined HRT



An additional four cases in women on combined hormone replacement therapy (HRT)



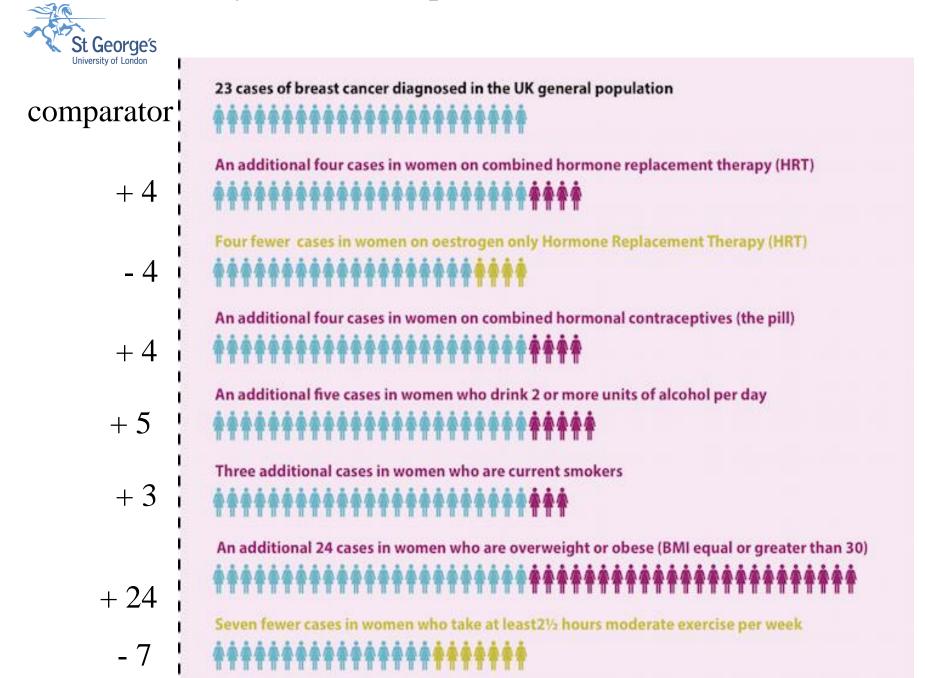
St George's Impact of Estrogen-only hormone therapy

(Women without a womb, who do not need progesterone)



Four fewer cases in women on oestrogen only Hormone Replacement Therapy (HRT)

Other life-style factors: impact on risk of breast cancer.





1. Peri-menopausal Estrogens protect against Alzheimers Disease



Dementia – a global epidemic



■Current WHO data on <u>Dementia</u>

- 50 million people are currently affected
- 132 million people projected to be affected by 2050 (ref)

Global financial costs of caring for dementia

- US\$800 billion
- US\$2 trillion by 2030 (ref-)

Human cost of the dementia epidemic

- Major cause of disability and dependency among older people worldwide
- Has physical, psychological, social, economic, impact on caregivers, families and society

(ref-)

St George's

Dementia – a global epidemic

A epidemic of biblical proportions that dwarfs the HIV epidemic Some facts:

- Alzheimer's Disease (AD) accounts for 70% of all dementia
- 1:10 people will develop AD after 65 years of age
- **Female preponderance: 16 women for every 10 men**
- No one is immune
- One new person is affected by dementia every 4 seconds (Pantzka's et al, 2016)





At present there is no proven intervention that prevents Dementia



Hormonal optimization of women's health in the menopausal transition

- some novel concepts -

Peri-menopausal Estrogens protect against Alzheimers Disease - The Evidence in Humans



Estrogens protect against Alzheimers Disease: Critical window

- **■**Peter Zandi, Neurology 2012
 - Longitudinal cohort study
 - Perimenopausal Estrogen-only HRT within 5 years of menopause + use for 10 or more years ==35% reduced risk of AD [95% CI 0.43-0.98]
 - Menopausal Estrogen-only HRT for 5 or more years after menopause ==12% reduced but <u>NS</u> risk of AD [95% CI 0.49-1.51]



Testosterone is an essential component of HRT





Testosterone – often misunderstood

- A "male hormone"
- Ideas of unwanted body hair
- Fear of "voice changes

But the ovaries produce THREE times the amount of testosterone as estrogen before the menopause: Testosterone is just as important a hormone as the other ovarian hormones estrogen and progesterone, and levels gradually decline with age or precipitously with oophorectomy.



For all women, testosterone plays a vital role in bone strength, brain function and the overall development of lean muscle mass and strength. It also helps contribute to a general sense of well-being and higher energy levels. And perhaps most crucial is its effect on a woman's libido or sex drive.



Testosterone – impact of declining levels

- -Women desire sexual intercourse less
- When they do have sex it is reportedly less pleasurable
- Reports of increased tendency to depression
- Poor energy levels are a common complaint



Testosterone is / should be an essential component of HRT



Impact of Testosterone replacement therapy

- Improvement in libido
- Better energy levels
- Improvement in general well-being, emotions, moods, better quality sleep and even dreams, better concentration
- Improved skin and hair quality



Testosterone – administration

- -Transdermal gels / vaginal gels
- Subcutaneous implants
- Lozenges

NB:

- Not licensed for use in women in the UK
- Be careful not to create a mismatch eg partner with erectile



Testosterone therapy – Side effects

VERY rare:

- increased body hair facial troubles most women
- Voice change





Thank you